



GENDER-RELATED KILLINGS OF WOMEN AND GIRLS (FEMICIDE/FEMINICIDE)

Results from the Global Consultation on the development of a common statistical framework



"The different frameworks, definitions and classifications used in the conceptualization of femicide often complicate the collection of data from different sources and could lead to documentation that may not be comparable across communities or regions."

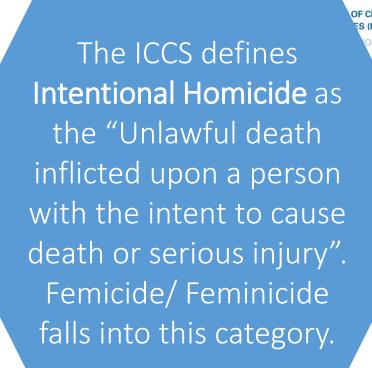
Rashida Manjoo, Special rapporteur on violence against women, its causes and consequences. 2012





STARTING POINT

- The current international standard for crime statistics is the International Classification of Crimes for Statistical Purposes (ICCS).
- Countries are still in the process of fully adopting the ICCS and produce disaggregated data in line with its various variables.
- Furthermore, the ICCS has areas of opportunity regarding the full coverage of the gender motivation of crime and the gender-related context.







HOMICIDE DISAGGREGATION

 An initial approximation to the gender-related killing of women and girls (femicide/ feminicide) is the measurement of killings by intimate partner/family member. But this is only a subset of the whole phenomenon, further disaggregation is needed.





All female homicides



Homicides by intimate partner or family members

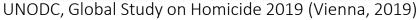


Homicides by intimate partner



Homicides by family member

Genderrelated killings of women and girls







UN COMMON APPROACH

 33 gender-related criteria operationalized in disaggregating variables and categories, open to discussion by data producers, practitioners and policy-makers

Criteria grouped by themes:

Victim

Perpetrator

Modus Operandi Gender-biased context

Conflict-related context





CONSULTATION TO MEMBER STATES (APR – JUL 2021)

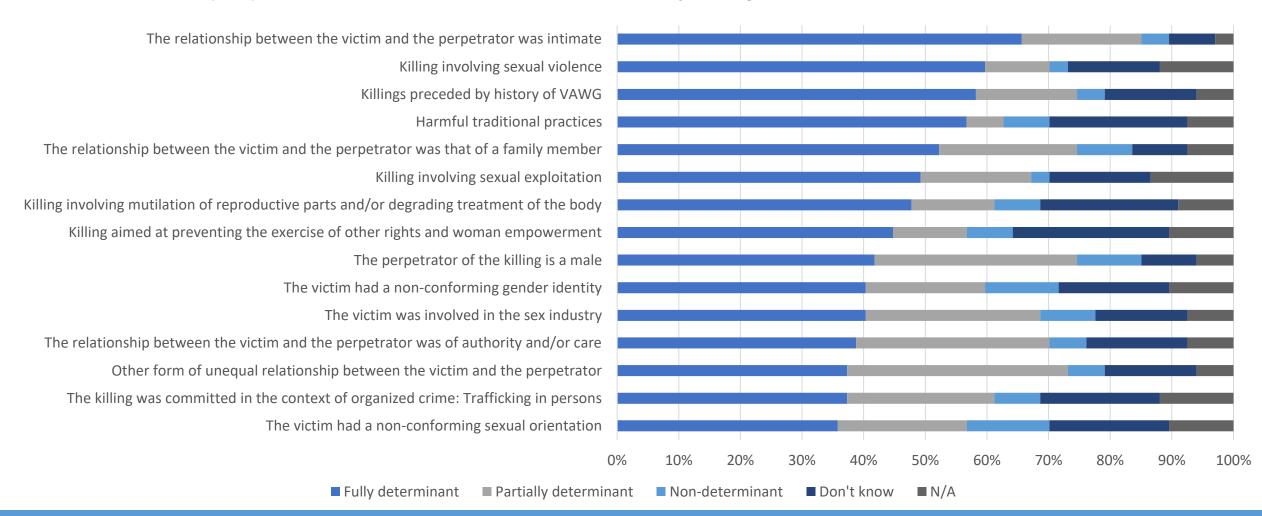
Participation of 67 national institutions from 54 countries

Institution	Europe	Americas	Asia	Africa	Total
National Statistical Office	46.2%	26.9%	11.5%	15.4%	100%
Police	33.3%	16.7%	50.0%	_	100%
Judiciary	50.0%	37.5%	12.5%	_	100%
Ministry of Interior	80.0%	20.0%	_	_	100%
Civil Society	50.0%	50.0%	-	_	100%
Prosecutor	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%	_	100%
International Organization	66.7%	33.3%	-	_	100%
Other	66.7%	33.3%	_	_	100%
Human Rights Institute	100%	-	-	_	100%
Health Institute	-	-	_	100%	100%
Total	49.3%	26.9%	16.4%	7.5%	100%





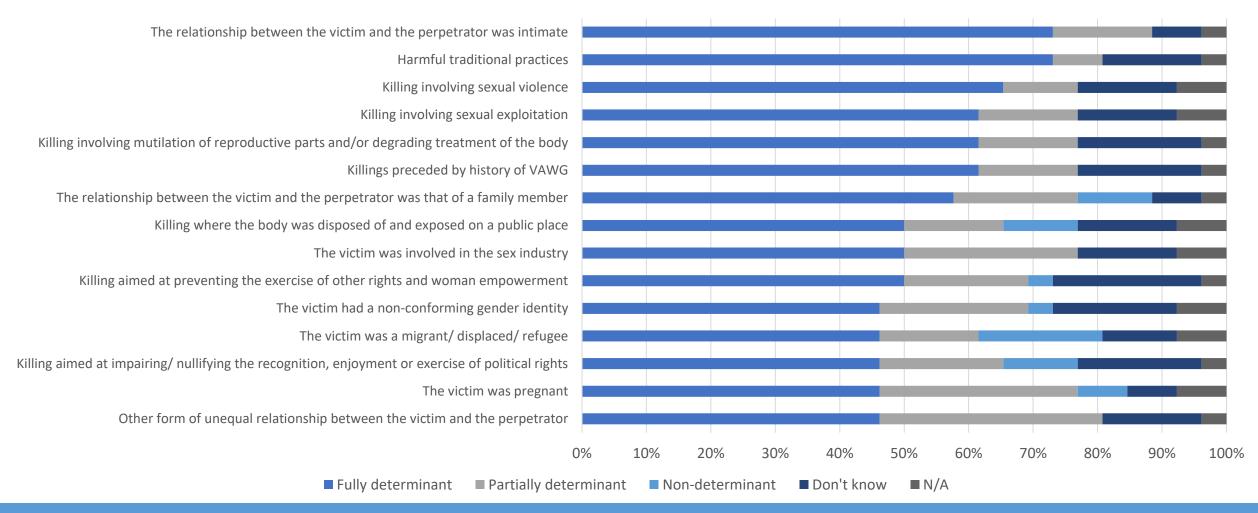
VALIDITY OF CRITERIA (ALL INSTITUTIONS: TOP 15)







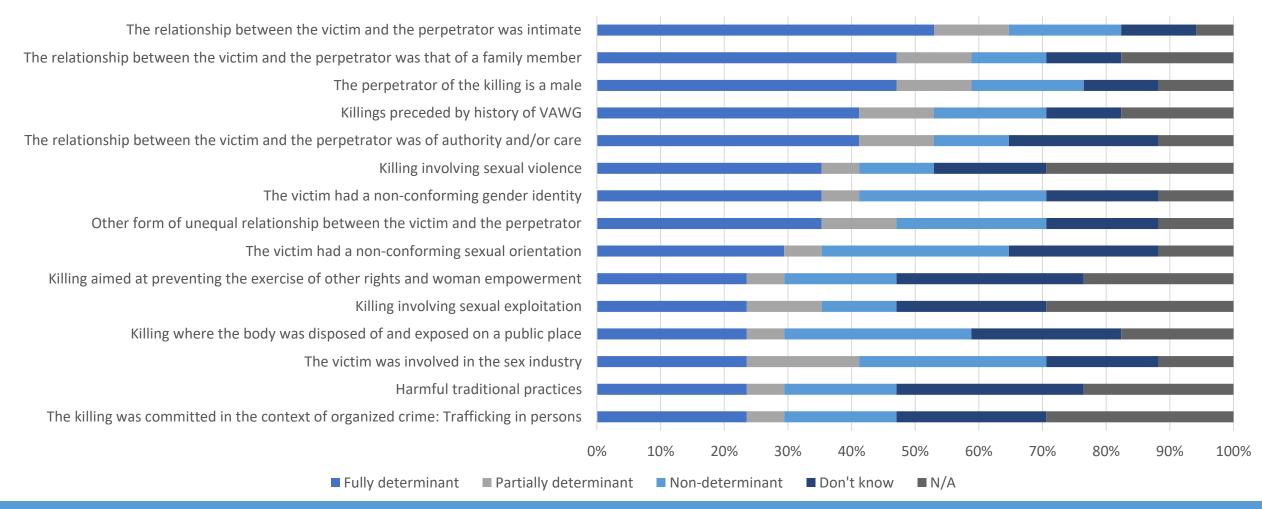
VALIDITY OF CRITERIA (NSO'S: TOP 15)







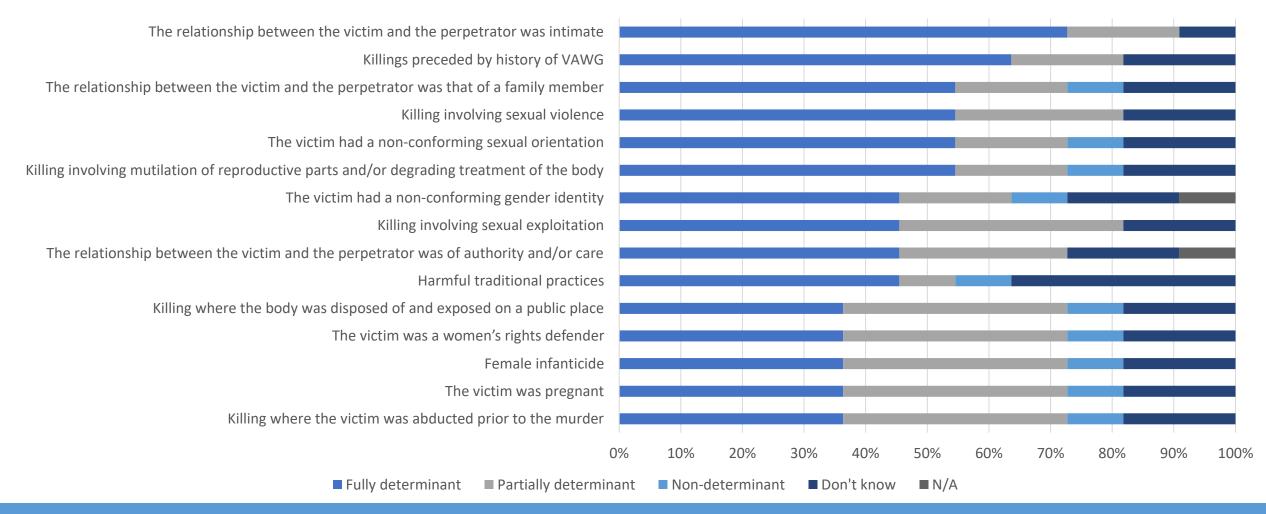
VALIDITY OF CRITERIA (POLICE & INTERIOR: TOP 15)







VALIDITY OF CRITERIA (PROSECUTOR'S & JUDICIARY: TOP 15)







DATA AVAILABILITY (ALL INSTITUTIONS: TOP 15)

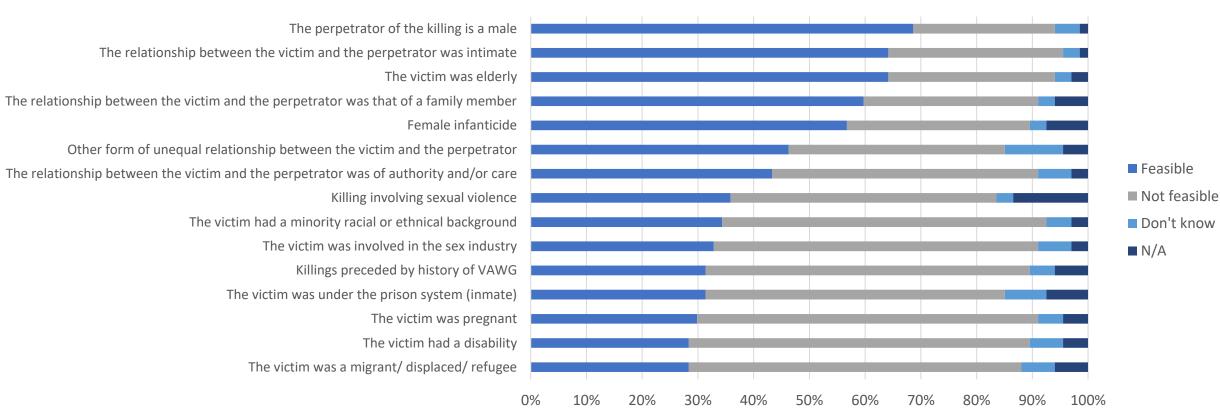
Are data according to this criterion currently collected/produced in your institution?

FFASIBLE.

- Yes, with all the disaggregation categories proposed
- Yes, with related disaggregation categories
- No, but we could collect/ produce data within 1-2 years

NOT FFASIBLE.

- No, but we could collect/ produce data on the proposed disaggregation categories after 3 years or more
- No and we don't know if and when it will be possible to collect/produce this data







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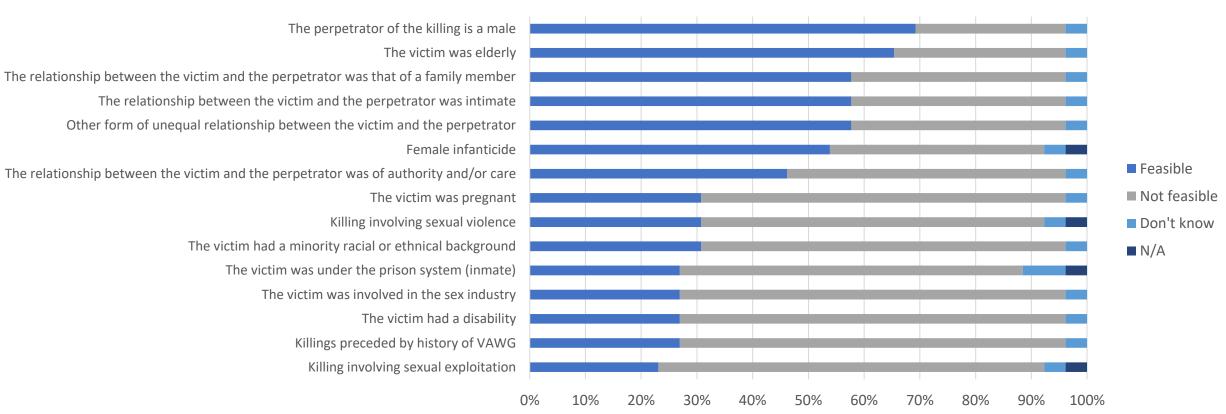
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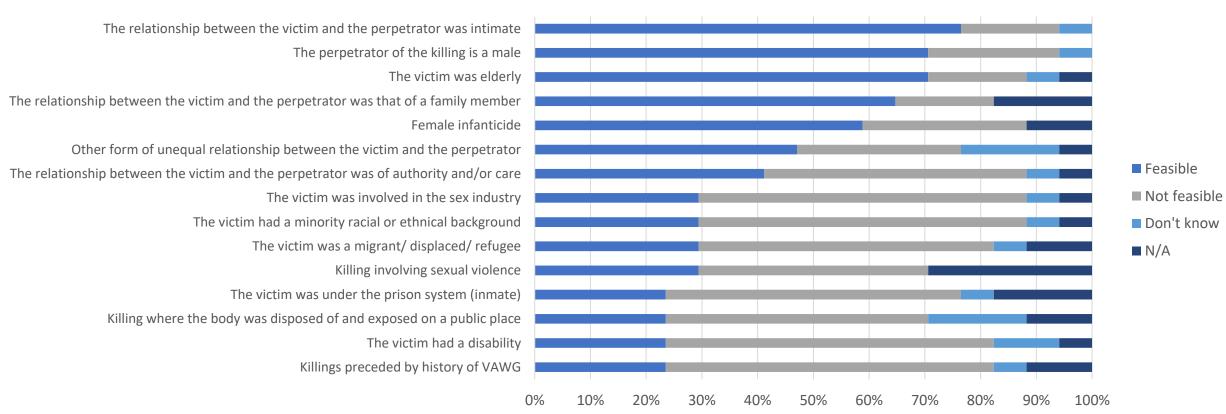
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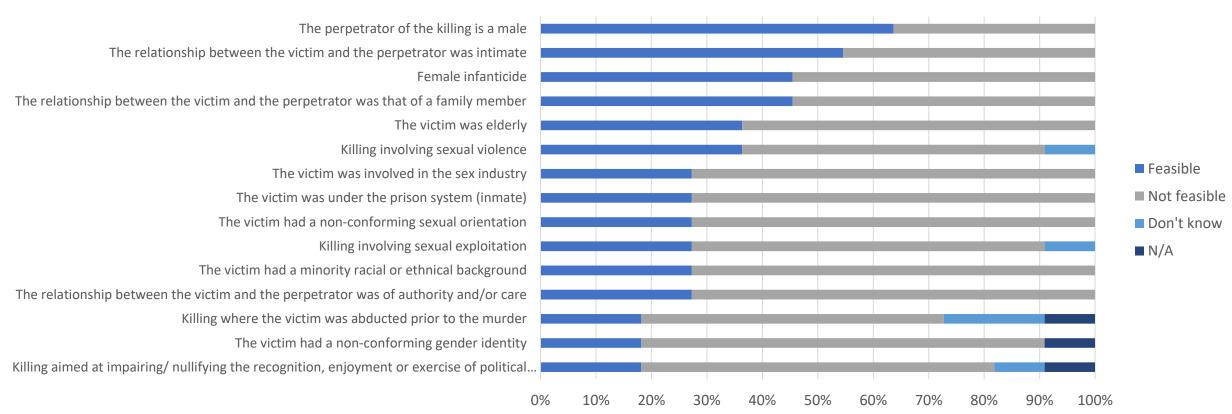
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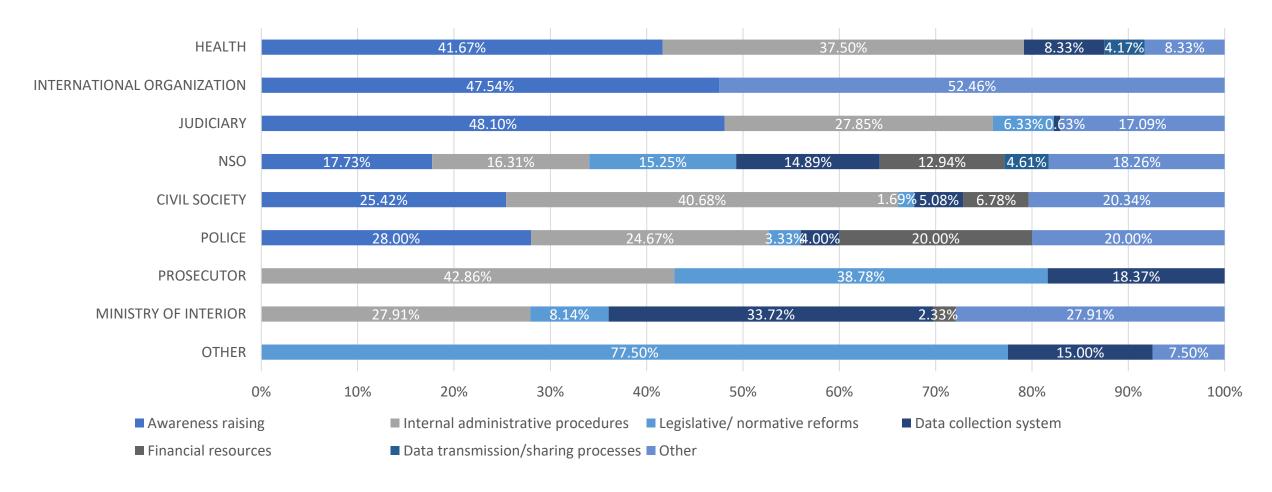






CHALLENGES (ALL INSTITUTIONS: TOP-MOST)

If you answered "No", what would be the top-most challenges your institution would meet when trying to collect or produce these data? (excluding "Don't know" and "N/A")

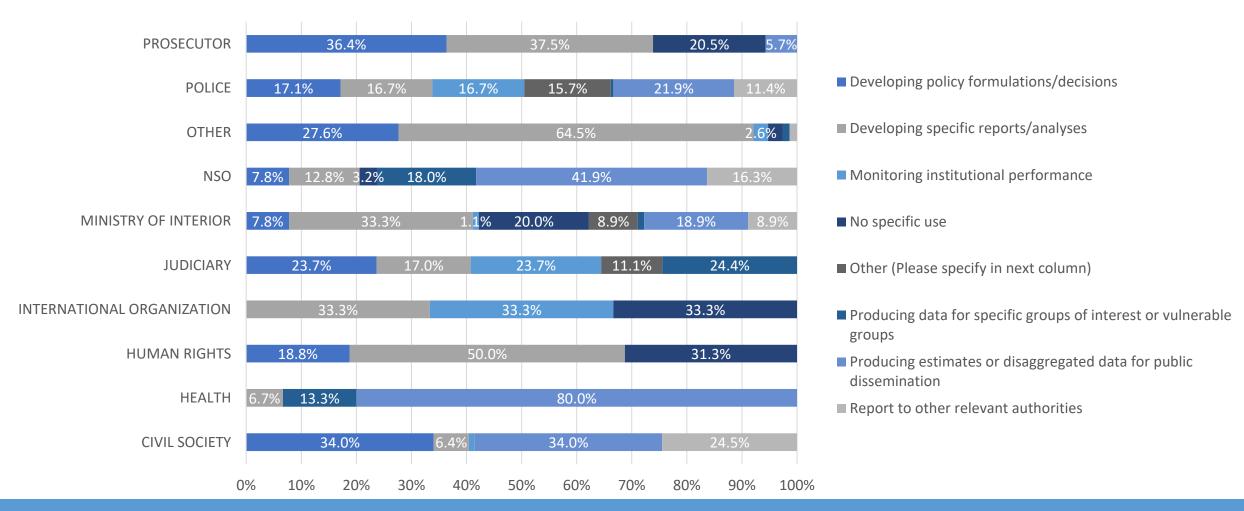






RELEVANCE (ALL INSTITUTIONS: TOP 15)

How does/would your institution use the disaggregated data for this criterion?









THANK YOU

https://www.cdeunodc.inegi.org.mx

https://data.unwomen.org/wherewe-work/cegs

