# Understanding Philippine Crime Statistics

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## **Outline of Presentation**

- Background
- The Philippine Criminal Justice System (PCJS)
- 3. Existing crime reporting systems in the Philippines
- 4. Proposed National Crime Information System



#### PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY

437,000

deaths resulting from intentional homicide at the global level in 2012 **59**%

share of women trafficked and detected at the global level 3.2% per

annum
global rate of
decline of
under-five
mortality

202 million global unemployment in

2013

4.1%

world average inflation rate in 2012

7.2 billion

world population in mid-2013

**6.2** per

100,000 average global homicide rate in 2012 84.1%

global adult literacy rate in 2011

\$12,700

World GDP per capita (PPP) in 2012 5.0 %

Growth rate international tourists worldwide in 2013

10.5 million

refugees fleeing armed conflict in 2011

# **STATISTICS**

tell a **STORY**...

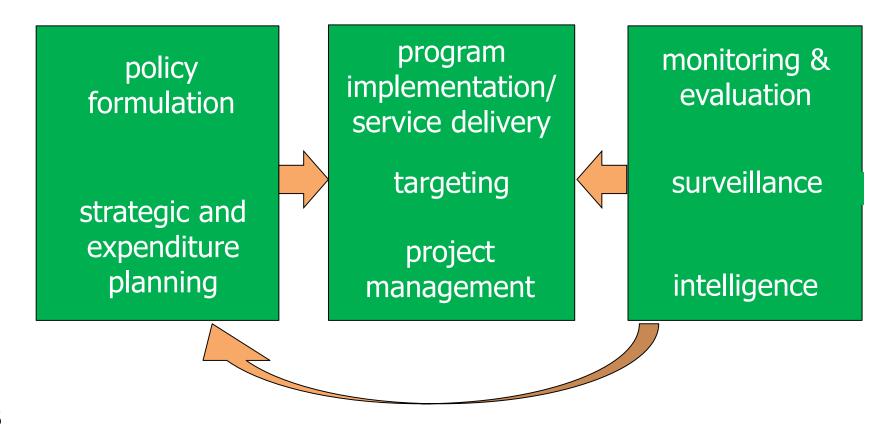
support strategic **THINKING** and **DECISION-MAKING** 

inform public **POLICY** 

help make the right **DECISIONS** and **ACTIONS** 

# **STATISTICS**

# support evidence-based governance



# The Philippine Development Plan 2011-2016

- Guide in formulating policies and implementing development programs for the next six years
- Rapid and sustainable economic growth and development
- Good governance and anticorruption
- Translates into specific goals, objectives, strategies, programs and projects

# A roadmap to inclusive growth

- The Philippine Development Plan 2011-2016
  - Inclusive growth
    - sustained high growth
    - massively creates jobs
    - reduces poverty
  - -Hindrance to inclusive growth
    - inadequate infrastructure
    - national security concerns
    - degraded state of environment and natural resources, etc.

# **National security concerns**

- Terrorism
- Human trafficking
- Illegal arms trade
- Drug trafficking
- •



## **The Philippine Criminal Justice System**



#### Law Enforcement

- Data sources
  - Philippine National Police
  - National Bureau of Investigation
  - Philippine Drug Enforcement Agency
  - Philippine Center on Transnational Crime
  - Commission on Human Rights
  - Other agencies with law enforcement functions, e.g.,
     Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Office of the Ombudsman

## **Philippine National Police**

- Primary source of crime statistics
- Some of the crime data that it regularly compiles are:
  - index and non-index crimes
  - traffic offenses
  - violence against women and children
  - drugs and drug-related crimes
  - street crimes
  - transnational crimes

#### **Index crimes**

- serious in nature
- occur with sufficient frequency and regularity
- serve as an index to the crime situation
- crimes against persons such as murder, homicide, physical injury and rape; and
- crimes against property such as robbery, theft, carnapping and cattle rustling

#### Non-index crimes

- all other crimes not categorized as index crimes
- kidnapping, threat and coercion, acts of lasciviousness, etc.
- violations of special laws (e.g., illegal logging, prostitution/pornography and child abuse, smuggling and piracy)

- Reporting Systems
  - Unit Crime Periodic Report (UCPER)
    - Uniform procedure for the PNP
    - Police blotter
    - All sources, e.g., NBI, PDEA, DENR, BFAR, and other agencies with law enforcement functions
    - Data consolidated by a Crime Registrar
  - Crime Incident Reporting System (CIRS) or e-Blotter
    - real-time monitoring and mapping of crime incidents nationwide
    - Incident Record Form

## Statistical Reports/Tables Generated

- Crime incidents classified as index and non index crimes
- Street crime statistics
- Detailed report on cases involving use of firearms
- Bombing incidents
- Grenade and other explosion incidents
- Crimes involving atrocities committed by different threat groups
- Children on conflict with the law
- Violence against women
- Crimes against children
- Trafficking in persons (cases, suspects, victims)
- Statistics on cleared/solved cases, etc.

## **Crime Victimization Survey**

- Another source of crime statistics
- Complements police-recorded data
- Two CVS conducted
  - Nationwide Crime Victimization Survey: 2005-2007 by the National Police Commission (NAPOLCOM)
  - 2012 Crime Victimization Survey by the National Statistics Office (NSO

## **Prosecution**

- statistical information on all criminal cases filed against suspected individuals and organized groups
- Prosecution Case Monitoring System (PCMS)
- Data sources
  - Department of Justice (DOJ)
    - National Prosecution Services
    - National Bureau of Investigation
    - Public Attorney's Office

#### **Courts**

- statistical information relating to cases filed before different courts all over the country
- Court Administration Management Information System (CAMIS)
- Data sources
  - Supreme Court of the Philippines
  - Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG)
     /Bureau of Local Government Supervision

#### **Crime Reporting Systems - Corrections**

## **Corrections**

- Data sources
  - Department of Justice
    - Bureau of Corrections (BuCor)
    - Parole and Probation Administration (PPA)
    - Board of Pardons and Parole (BPP)
  - DILG/Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP)

#### **Crime Reporting Systems - Corrections**

## **Information Systems**

- Simplified Inmate Reporting System (SIRS)
- Integrated Inmate Monitoring System (IIMS)
- Probationer's Information System (PIS)
- Parole and Probation Information System (PPIS)

## **Community**

 statistical information on community-based programs geared towards the attainment of peace and order, and fair administration of justice at the lowest geographic level of government

- Data sources
  - DILG/Bureau of Local Government Supervision
  - Non-government organizations/people's organizations/civil society

## **Proposed National Crime Information System**

- Establishment of the National Crime Information System
  - a centralized coordinated network of crime information systems
  - allows interconnection of the police, the courts, etc.
  - Offender-Based Crime Information System (OBCIS)
  - enhance government capacity to prevent crimes, track down criminals, monitor criminality, and administer justice
  - track the same person as he/she moves from one pillar to another, regardless of how many cases he/she has

## **Proposed National Crime and Justice Information System**

- Objectives
  - improve the availability and reliability of crime information
  - foster closer coordination and cooperation
  - establish an up-to-date data collection on crime and justice
  - integrate the different databases maintained by the various agencies of the criminal justice system
  - establish data communication linkages

## **Proposed National Crime Information System**

- The National Police Commission (NAPOLCOM)
- NCIS Advisory Board
  - NAPOLCOM
  - National Bureau of Investigation (NBI)
  - Philippine National Police
  - National Statistical Coordination Board (NSCB)

## **Proposed National Crime Information System**

With all the good intentions of the Project, the NCIS has yet to be implemented

- lack of mechanism to ensure transparency
- non involvement of concerned agencies
- insufficient budget
- changes in the lead agency to implement the Project

# Thank you!